

Tutorial Exact Algorithms

Exercise T1

Let A be an algorithm with a running time of $f(n)$. Compute a bound on the input size of instances that can be solved by A in time t , $2t$, $100t$ and t^2 .

Compute these values for $f(n) = n$, $f(n) = n^2$, $f(n) = 1.1^n$, and $f(n) = 2^n$.

Exercise T2

Compute the branching numbers for the following branching vectors:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (3, 3) & (2, 2, 2) & (6, 6, 3) \\ (1, 2) & (a, a) & \underbrace{(a, a, \dots, a)}_{b \text{ times}} \end{array}$$

Homework Assignment H1 (10 Points)

Design an algorithm that solves 3-COL in time $O^*(2^n)$.

3-COL is defined as follows:

Input: Graph $G = (V, E)$

Question: Is there a partition $V_1 \cup V_2 \cup V_3 = V$ such that $G[V_i]$ does not contain any edge for $1 \leq i \leq 3$.

Homework Assignment H2 (10 Points)

Compute the branching numbers of the following branching vectors (with an error of at most $1/100$):

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (1, 3) & (2, 3) & (2, 5) \\ (1, 2, 2) & (2, 2, 2, 2) & (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) \end{array}$$

Preferably, you solve this exercise by writing a program that computes these numbers automatically.