

## Exercise Sheet 08

### The Gardener's Tale:

Just a christmas tradition  
a gift exchange of sorts  
a present for a person  
and one rule to enforce

Each of us buys a present  
only one and no more  
who is your secret santa?  
yourself? that'd be a bore!

We have to write our names  
on a little piece of paper  
one at random you may choose  
what have we got to loose?

Out of  $n$  persons and with great care  
how many would we expect to despair?

Having chosen themselves  
as secret santa instead  
their own name they read  
and restart again with dread

Out of  $n$  persons and with great caution  
Many times we give the names,  
yes, but how often?

### The Politician's Tale:

If you want to liven up your home  
With lovely decoration  
You may want to set a tone  
To raise your loved ones expectations

Use christmas ornaments and balls  
But beware of superstition  
'Cause even the best decorator falls  
If others detect repetition

If you are color blind  
And still want to decorate  
Be sure not to find  
Any ornaments to replicate

Old christmas display  
Not any of the  $n$   
For there is dismay  
For more than a span

### The Physicist's Tale:

There once was a man in postal office  
Who always read a book while he drank his coffee  
But one day the novel he liked went missing  
So instead he read letters about lovers kissing  
On the first letter Jane wrote to Austin  
Who was in a lecture on the Higgs boson  
The second letter opened led to a third  
And before he knew it  $n$  letters were read  
The letters and the envelopes were all so scattered  
The empty cup of coffee seemed to hardly matter  
Now opening letters could send him to prison  
He had to find a way to find rhyme and reason  
He figured he could choose a letter at random  
And prayed that the cover was the right one  
So what are the chances, what are the odds  
That no single letter went to the right spot?

### The Bicycle Repairman's Tale:

Long days — Stifling air  
Mediocre food — Drinking Mate  
Full of ideas — Familiar faces  
Have become friends — Brothers in arms  
Against weekly problems — The world can go on  
When we'll be finally together  
At the computer science center

### The Policeman's Tale:

Ashore  $n$  sailors slunk,  
and got awfully drunk.  
When they returned,  
they were unconcerned,  
fell asleep in a random bunk.

### The Lockpick's Tale:

$n$  criminals want to fix  
their finances by using a mix  
their crypto to blend  
for them then to spend  
and not to get caught with their tricks

### The Thief's Tale:

It needs to be fixed  
Where its place is fine?  
This poem will be mixed  
Is there a line

**Problem T18**

A permutation with no fixpoints is called a *derangement*. What is the probability that a random permutation of  $n$  items is a derangement? If a program generates random permutations, how long do you have to wait on average until you get a derangement? Before attacking this problem mathematically try your best judgement: Is the probability high or low?

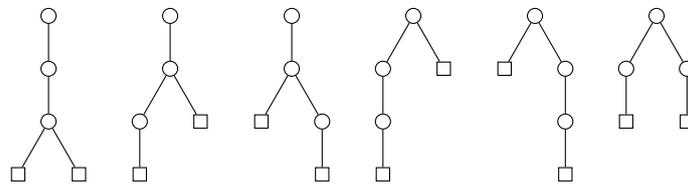
**Problem T19**

Find a bivariate generating function and a closed-form expression for the number of bitstrings of length  $n$  that contain exactly  $m$  ones and do not contain the substring 11.

**Problem H18** (10 credits)

Find a bivariate generating function for the number of (oriented) trees with exactly  $n$  internal and  $m$  external vertices  $T_{n,m}$ . For what values of  $n, m$  do we have  $T_{n,m} = T_{m,n}$ ?

*Example:*  $b_{3,2} = 6$  and these are the six trees with 3 internal and 2 external nodes:



As a warmup exercise try to find and draw all trees with 2 internal and 3 external nodes.

*Hint:* Do not do all the computations by hand. Seek the help of a computer algebra system. `maxima` or `WolframAlpha` can solve quadratic equations and can find the coefficients of a generating function via Taylor expansion.

**Problem H19** (10 credits)

Use the symbolic method to calculate the number of words of length  $n$  that can be created by the following grammar. Emojis are the terminal symbols and capital letters are variables.

$$P \rightarrow \text{😄}P\text{😄} \mid \text{👧}P\text{👧} \mid \text{💩} \mid \text{💩}P$$

**Problem H20** (10 credits)

Use the symbolic method to calculate the number of words of length  $n$  that can be created by the following grammar with the starting Symbol  $P$ .

$$Q \rightarrow \text{😄}P\text{😄}$$

$$P \rightarrow PQ \mid \varepsilon$$

Hint: Use the sequence operator.